

## FEATURES AND APPLICATIONS

- Power LED Driver
- Constant Current Output (±7% Output Current Accuracy)

SERIES

- Wide Input Voltage Range: 7V to 30V (40V for 0.5 sec)
- 16 Pin DIL Package
- LED Driver Current up to 700mA
- Output Power up to 20W
- Driver LED Strings of up to 28V (2V to 28V)
- RoHS ✓
- High Efficiency (up to 95%)
- PWM/Digital Dimming and Analog Voltage Dimming
- Open and Short LED Protection
- -40°C to 85°C Operation Temperature Range



- 12V and 24V Lighting Systems
- Household/Commercial lighting
- Suitable for high illumination LED
- Battery lighting systems

## **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

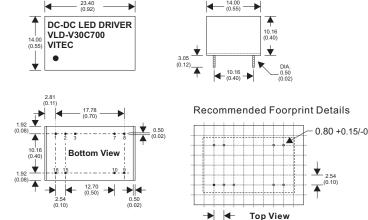
The VLD-V30C700 is a high efficiency step-down converter optimized to drive high current LEDs. The control algorithm allows highly efficient and accurate LED current regulation. The device operates from an input of 7Vdc to 30Vdc and provides an externally adjustable output current of up to 700mA and output power up to 20 Watts. Compact size of DIL16 allows designer to integrate this driver together with LED module.

## DIL 16 Package

Notes : All dimensions are typical in millimeters (inches).

- 1. Pin diameter: 0.5±0.05 ( 0.02±0.002 )
- 2. Pin pitch tolerance:  $\pm 0.35 (\pm 0.014)$
- 3. Case Tolerance:  $\pm 0.5$  (  $\pm 0.02$  )

VLD-V30C700		
Pin	Connections	Note
1, 2	-V Input	-DC Supply
3	V adj	PWM/on/off or not used
7, 8	-V Output	LED Cathode Connection
9, 10	+V Output	LED Anode Connection
15, 16	+V Input	+DC Supply



# ⚠ No connection is allowed between input and output

Notes:

Specifications can be changed without prior notice

Products are not intended for and must not be used in life support systems, human implantation, nuclear facilities or systems or any other application where product failure or malfunction of the component could lead to loss of life or catastrophic property damage

## Vitec POWER GmbH

Hans Kudlich Gasse 12/3, A-2230 Gänserndorf, Austria, Tel.: +43/2282/3144, Fax.: +43/2282/60494, Email: office@vitecpower.com



## **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

SERIES

Specifications typical at +25°C, nominal Input voltage, rated output current unless otherwise specified.

#### Input Specifications

Voltage Range Filter

7Vdc to 30Vdc (40V for 0.5 sec) Capacitor

## **Output Specifications**

Voltage Range Current Range Current Accuracy Ripple and Noise (20 MHz BW) 250 mVp-p, max. Short Circuit Protection Capacitive Load

2Vdc to 28V (Vin = 30Vdc) 700 mA (Vin - Vout > 2V to 3V)  $\pm 7\%$  (lout = 700mA) Regulated at Rated Output Current 47uF

#### **Environmental Specification**

Operating Temperature Max. Case Temperature Storage Temperature Thermal Impedance Cooling Temperature Coefficient -40°C to +85°C +100°C -40°C to +125°C +50°C/W (Nature Convection) Free-air convection ±0.05%/°C max. (Ta=-40°C to +85°C)

#### **Analog Dimming Control**

Leave Open if Not Used Vadj Input Voltage Range 0.3V to 1.25V Adjust Output Current 25% to 100% Control Voltage Range Limits On 0.2V to 0.3V Off 0.15V to 0.25V Analog Pin Drive Current < 1mA (Vadj = 1.25V)

## **PWM Dimming and On/Off Control**

Leave Open if Not Used Remote On/Off DC/DC On Open or 0.3V < Vadj < 1.25V DC/DC off (Shutdown) Vadj < 0.15V Remote Pin Drive Current < 1mA (Vadj = 1.25V) Quiescent Input Current in Shutdown Mode 25uA (max, Vin = 30V)

----

**PWM** Dimming Recommended Maximum Operating Frequency 1kHz Minimum Switch ON Time 200 ns Minimum Switch OFF Time 200 ns

#### **General Specification**

Efficiency	95% max. (Full Load)
Switching Frequency	55 kHz to 320 kHz
Humidity	95% rel H
MTBF (MIL-HDBK-217 F)	>4.7 Mhrs

## **Physical Characteristics**

**Dimension DIP** 

Weight Case Material

Potting Material Pin Material Soldering Temperature 23.40 x 14.00 x 10.16 mm 0.92 x 0.55 x 0.40 inches 6.2 g Non-Conductive Black Plastic (UL94-V0 rated) Epoxy (UL94-V0 rated)  $\varnothing$  0.5mm Brass Solder-coated +260°C (1.5mm from case 10 sec.)

#### Notes

1. Reversed power source damages the circuit, No connection is allowed between input ground and output .

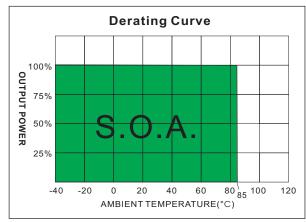
- 2. DO NOT operate the driver over 20W output.
- 3. Leave pin VADJ open if not in use, ground pin to shut down the converter. Connecting Vadj to Vin damages the circuit.
- 4. Maximum output open voltage is equal to input voltage.

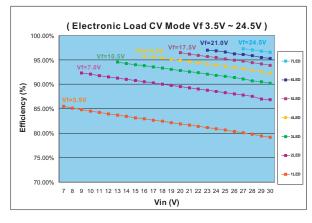
# VLD SERIES

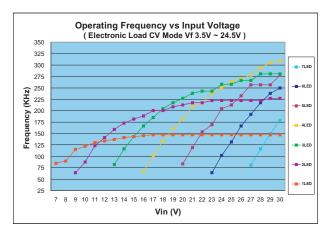
700mA High Efficiency Step Down LED Driver

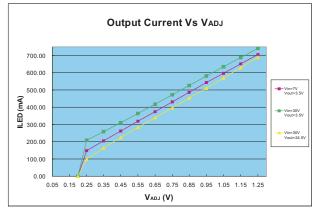


## **Typical Operating Conditions**

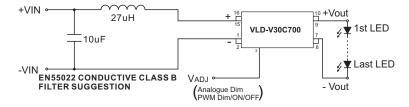




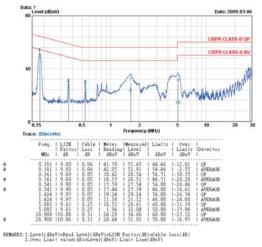




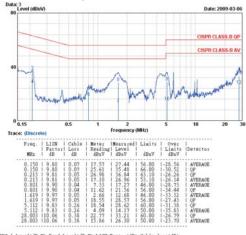
## **Recommended additional input filter**







Vin=12V Vout=7V(Electronic Load CV Mode Vf 7V)



REMARKS:1.Level(dBuV)=Read Level(dBuV)=LISN Factor(dB)=Cable loss(dB) 2.Over Limit value(dB)=Level(dBuV)-Limit Line(dBuV)

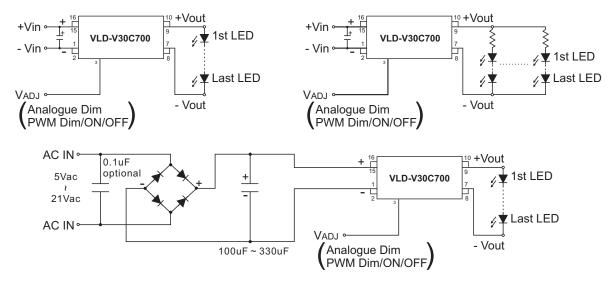
## Vitec POWER GmbH

Hans Kudlich Gasse 12/3, A-2230 Gänserndorf, Austria, Tel.: +43/2282/3144, Fax.: +43/2282/60494, Email: office@vitecpower.com www.vitecpower.com

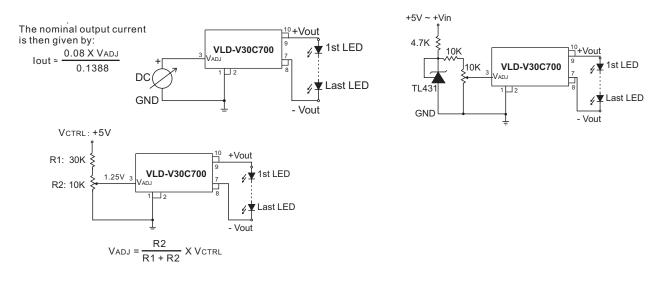




## **Typical Application**

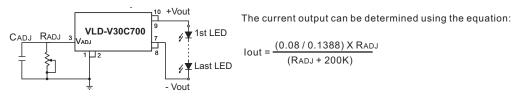


Output Current Adjustment By External DC Control Voltage



## **Resistor dimming**

By connecting a variable resistor between ADJ and GND, simple dimming can be achieved. Capacitor CADJ is optional for better AC mains interference and HF noise rejection. Recommend value of CADJ is 0.22uF.



V i t e c POWER GmbH Hans Kudlich Gasse 12/3, A-2230 Gänserndorf, Austria, Tel.: +43/2282/3144, Fax.: +43/2282/60494, Email: office@vitecpower.com www.vitecpower.com

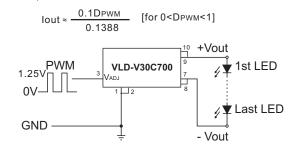


## **Typical Application**

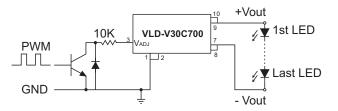
# Output Current Adjustment By PWM Control

#### **Directly driving ADJ input**

A Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) signal with duty cycle DPWM can be applied to the ADJ pin, asshown below



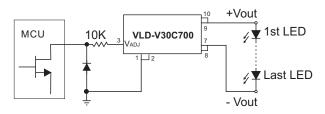
Driving the ADJ input via open collector transistor The diode and resistor suppress possible high amplitude negative spikes on the ADJ input resulting from the drain-s ource capacitance of the transistor. Negative spikes at the input to the device should be avoided as they may cause errors in output current, or erratic device operation.



#### Driving the ADJ input from a microcontroller

Another possibility is to drive the device from the open drain output of a microcontroller. The diagram below shows one method of doing this:

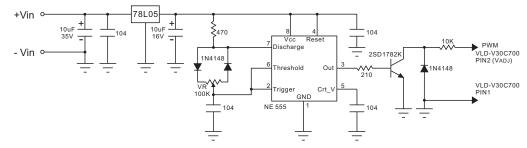
SERIES



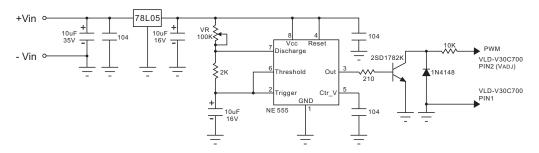
The diode and resistor suppress possible high amplitude negative spikes on the ADJ input resulting from the drain-s ource capacitance of the FET. Negative spikes at the input to the device should be avoided as they may cause errors in output current, or erratic device operation.

#### Output Current Adjustment By PWM Control (Dimming)

To avoid visible flicker the PWM signal must be greater than 100Hz.



Output Current Adjustment By PWM Control (Flash)



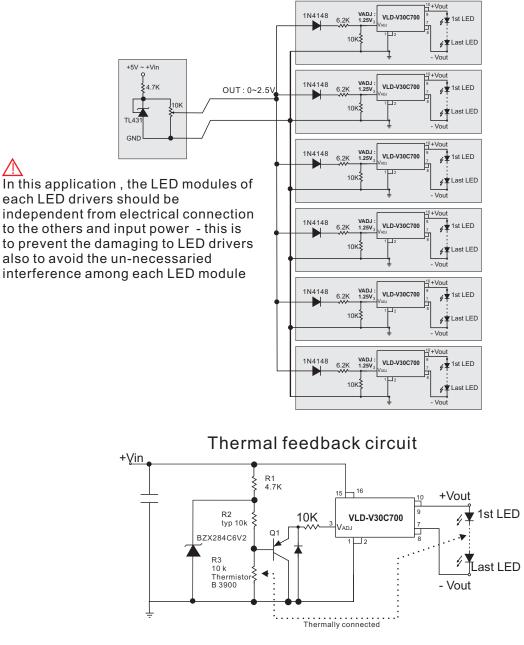
## V i t e c POWER GmbH Hans Kudlich Gasse 12/3, A-2230 Gänserndorf, Austria, Tel.: +43/2282/3144, Fax.: +43/2282/60494, Email: office@vitecpower.com www.vitecpower.com





## **Typical Application**

# Output Current Adjustment By External DC Control Voltage



The selection of components for the thermal feedback circuit is not only dependent on the choice of R2 and R3, but also on the amount of heat sink area required to extract heat from the LEDs. To maximize the light output at high ambient or operating temperature conditions, the LEDs must have a sufficient thermal extraction path, otherwise the thermal control circuit will effect current drive reduction in non-optimal conditions. The thermal control threshold point is set by adjusting R2. For this design, three values (33k, 22k and 10k) were evaluated. These values were chosen to give break points at approximately 25°C, 40°C and 60°C.

Note that the light output will not continually dim to zero- the thermal controlis applying DC control to the ADJ pin and therefore has a dimming ratio from maximum Current of approximatley 5:1. Once the reduced DC level goes below the shutdown threshold of around 200mV, the LED drive current will fall to zero and the LEDs will be extinguished. The slope of the current reduction is determinde by the beta value of the thermistor. The larger the beta value, the sharper will be the resultant current control response. The slope of the current reduction is also affected by Q1's base emitter voltage (VBE) variation with temperture.

## VitecPOWER GmbH

Hans Kudlich Gasse 12/3, A-2230 Gänserndorf, Austria, Tel.: +43/2282/3144, Fax.: +43/2282/60494, Email: office@vitecpower.com www.vitecpower.com